Research on the Influence of Social Media and Educational Practices on Youth Learning Behavior

Zixia Guo

Department of Education, University of York, York, United Kingdom
523850304@qq.com

Abstract: As the influence of social media on young people's learning behavior increases, educational practices are facing new challenges and changes. This paper analyzes the changes social media content brings to education and the relationship between social media and youth learning behavior. Second, it explores the educational operation, imbalance in the system, and derivative risks of social media on the education system. On this basis, we put forward the strategies we adopt in the face of social media technology challenges, including two-way interaction, shared responsibility, and education system upgrading. Finally, this paper emphasizes correcting social media and restoring the essence of education. To sum up, this study aims to stimulate thinking about the relationship between youth learning behavior and social media and how to deal with relevant challenges in educational practice, thus promoting the high-quality development of education.

Keywords: Social media; Youth learning behavior; Educational practices; Coping strategies

1. Introduction

Social media is one of the main communication tools in today's society and a way of disseminating information. It can be divided into basic and non-basic applications, comprising various social networks and Internet applications. Social media managers encourage users to create and share content to promote information exchange. In the digital age, social media has become a key channel for people to obtain information, and its credibility has become a criterion. Unlike traditional ways, social media focuses on personalization, interactivity, and immediacy [1]. Therefore, this paper puts forward the issue of the impact of social media on youth learning behavior, and educational practice provides a new way to deal with its impact.

Social media originated from the Internet, with network technology as the core. It contains mass information and is also one of the tools for communication. From a technological perspective, social media focuses on information sharing, combining the Internet with users to realize the modern dissemination of information. However, it is only at the theoretical level. Today, social media has implemented a unique way of disseminating information. The widespread development of social media will change how we obtain information and reflect the characteristics of the digital age. It influences educational models and poses new challenges to young people's learning behavior [2]. Therefore, the discussion of youth learning behavior under the influence of social media must have a forward-looking vision and a global pattern. Relevant propositions are put forward in the context of the rise of social media.

In conclusion, social media is an essential condition and guarantee for information sharing. In practice, social media has improved a lot, but some areas still need to be improved. The education sector has yet to deal with its impact effectively, and relevant managers are working hard. Hence, educational practice needs continuous innovation, which is a challenge to the education system and is also related to social media innovation [3].

Based on the above background analysis, this paper proposes an interactive model between social media and youth learning behavior, aiming to solve the problems in educational practice and deal with related risks through theory and practice. This research is of great significance.
2. The Interaction between Social Media and Youth Learning Behavior Achieves New Changes in Education

2.1 The Changes of Social Media Contents Based on Education

Social media is connected with youth learning behavior and has a significant effect. Social media reflects the philosophy of digitalization, shows the immediate guidance of information, and shows the new communication strategy since the information age. However, the impact of social media on adolescent learning behavior is also a double-edged sword. On the one hand, it stimulates teenagers’ learning interest, promoting self-directed learning and exploratory learning. On the other hand, issues such as information overload and internet addiction cannot be ignored, which may interfere with learning focus and even affect adolescents' mental health. Therefore, how to balance the advantages and disadvantages brought by social media and build a new education model that adapts to the information age has become an urgent problem to be solved in the current education field., which requires educators not only to have a deep understanding of the characteristics and impact of social media, but also to innovate educational concepts and methods, integrate social media into the education process, and make it an important tool to promote the comprehensive development of young people. At the same time, strengthening media literacy education for young people and guiding them to use social media rationally is also the key to achieving this goal. At the same time, it is difficult to get a unified answer when we construct the definition and essence of educational change based on social media content with traditional educational standards. The social media content and educational changes are shown in Figure 1.

![Figure 1: The social media content and educational changes](image)

2.2 Social Media, Youth Learning Behavior, and Educational Practices

Social media, youth learning behavior, and educational practice are essential standards for educational reform and the response to educational needs in the digital age [4]. The scientists discussed the definition of social media and youth learning behavior from the perspective of technology and psychology. In addition, some scholars believe that social media's impact is multifaceted and a form of educational practice. Social media is more inclusive and we can provide modern education based on personalized learning on the network platform. The development history of social media can be traced back to the birth of the Internet, and its primary activities include information sharing and interactive communication. Furthermore, the concept and educational practice of youth learning behavior are closely related to the development of society and culture. Due to social media, educational practice has
become essential to cultivating innovative thinking. The main contribution of educational theory in the digital age is to combine technology with education, which provides new ideas for personalized learning. Therefore, social media initially focused on education based on the standard attributes of personalized education.

With the rapid development of digital technology, social media has become an indispensable part of educational reform. It redefines adolescent learning behavior and profoundly influences the direction and mode of educational practice. Starting from the dual dimensions of technology and psychology, researchers have delved into how social media shapes adolescents' learning preferences, motivations, and habits, revealing its unique value in promoting knowledge acquisition, thinking expansion, and emotional communication. In this context, social media has been endowed with richer educational connotations, surpassing the boundaries of traditional classrooms and becoming a personalized learning platform with strong inclusiveness and high interactivity. On this platform, educational practice places more emphasis on the subjectivity and diversity of students. Through data analysis and intelligent recommendation technology, tailored learning paths are tailored for each student, achieving a transition from "one size fits all" to "personalized teaching". At the same time, the development history of social media is also a part of the history of human educational innovation, witnessing the transformation of information sharing from one-way dissemination to multiple interactions and the process of educational practice from closed to open. This change has prompted educators to pay more attention to the impact of social culture on adolescent learning behavior, emphasizing the cultivation of innovative thinking while also focusing on students' emotional development and social responsibility. Therefore, as a catalyst for educational reform in the digital age, social media leads educational practices toward more personalized, inclusive, and innovative directions. It is a product of the deep integration of technology and education and an essential cornerstone for the construction of future education ecology.

3. The Challenges of Social Media and Youth Learning Behavior to Education

3.1 Excessive Interaction on Social Media Has Led to an Imbalance in the Education System

Unlike traditional education, social media emphasizes the relationship between personalized learning and social interaction, characterized by immediacy and diversity. Although some scholars have questioned that social media may not be directly related to study outcomes, most scholars argue that social media can make a rational evaluation of learning behavior. Skinner et al. proposed a behavioral learning model with three elements: stimulus, response, and reinforcement. Since then, the model has become a typical tool for research on learning behavior [5]. Thus, the concept of social learning is developed. These scholars believe that social media has the potential to enhance learning and is a "place of learning". Learners can only have a satisfying learning experience if the learning environment and social interactions are good. To sum up, social media has a significant impact on learning behavior. In addition, experts summarize learning behavior as a cognitive learning model, that is, a behavioral learning model based on stimulus-response and a constructivist learning model based on the thinking process. The former pays attention to the influence of the external environment on learning, while the latter pays attention to the internal cognitive process of the individual, that is, thinking. Although we have experienced some failures in practice, from the perspective of educational change, it can stimulate people's interest in learning, and personalized learning has gradually become the consensus of educational research and practice [6].

From the perspective of educational evaluation, social media cannot accurately provide the feedback educators need. The evaluation method given on social media is mainly user satisfaction, but there needs to be more information and evaluation mechanisms related to learning quality. The root of this problem may be information asymmetry. In social media, learning often includes a variety of "content", and what is presented reflects people's preferences in social media. However, most content concerns themes and other information of low learning value. Generally, the quality of learning is not easy to obtain or measure. Asymmetric information and imperfect evaluation mechanisms become obstacles to improving learning efficiency.

3.2 The Operation of Social Media

The essence of social media's education-based operation focuses on the problems in education. Educational operation is the application of digital thinking in education. To overcome the shortcomings of the traditional education model, it has entered the research field as a new model. The basic idea of
the framework is as follows. First, social media should ensure that educational goals are effectively achieved. Second, experts set professional standards for educational output. Third, they use techniques such as data analysis to capture learning behavior [7]. Fourth, they use scientific methods to evaluate learning effectiveness. The educational framework reconstructs educational practice, emphasizes personalized learning, and improves personalization, interactivity, flexibility, and creativity.

3.3 The Birth of Derivative Risks of Social Media

The birth of social media derivative risks is the main focus of educational research, highlighting the digital age's challenges. Data analysis directly reflects the current situation of youth learning behavior and educational practice. Some constituent elements of the development of social media are gradually taking shape, and various evaluation systems have also received attention. However, from the perspective of educational practice, the educational operation stays in the primary stage, contrary to the logical framework and generation mechanism of educational philosophy, thus deriving some risks.

These risks are not only reflected in academic distractions, information overload, and even mental health issues caused by excessive reliance on social media among adolescents but also involve social-ethical challenges such as cyberbullying and privacy breaches. What's even more serious is that the fragmented information and superficial learning methods on social media may weaken teenagers' deep thinking and critical thinking abilities, which goes against the educational goal of cultivating well-rounded talents. Therefore, educational research urgently needs to explore how to avoid potential risks while enjoying the convenience and abundant resources brought by social media to guide the positive application of social media in education and promote the healthy development of educational practice.

4. The Coping Strategies of the Development Process of the Education Industry under the Challenge of Technology

4.1 Two-way Interaction: Coping with the Challenges Brought by Social Media

From the perspective of the education industry, two-way interaction is the essential link of the industry and the core embodiment of education innovation. Therefore, the education industry takes two-way interaction as the leading generation logic. Two-way interaction is one of the forms of educational innovation and an essential subject of educational reform. At this stage, the education industry strengthens social media control through two-way interaction, and there are mainly three forms: the first is to establish an effective interactive platform. The platform realizes information exchange and interaction between students and social media. The second is to formulate the standards for the operation. Standardized control of educational content can be achieved by formulating educational content and evaluation criteria and making them public on social media. The third is to reconstruct the internal procedure. In recent years, the education industry has improved the quality and efficiency of education by digital means. However, compared with the development of social media, the innovation of the education industry needs to be further improved [8].

To better address the challenges of future education. Bilateral interaction should not be limited to traditional teacher-student communication but should be expanded to multidimensional interactions between students and between students and educational resources. By introducing advanced technologies such as big data analysis and artificial intelligence, the education industry can accurately analyze learners' learning behavior and needs, thereby providing more personalized learning paths and resource recommendations. At the same time, the education industry also needs to strengthen cooperation with technology enterprises and jointly develop new educational tools and platforms that conform to educational laws and adapt to student characteristics. These tools should have a good user experience and interactivity, which can stimulate students' interest and initiative in learning and promote the effective transmission and absorption of knowledge.

4.2 Joint Commitment: The Optimization of Education System and Social Media Governance

The fundamental difference between education and social media lies in its functional attributes. The values and moral standards of education aim to impart knowledge and cultivate personality. Education's development mainly embodies social responsibility and individual growth. In the framework of educational governance, imparting knowledge, cultivating talents, and promoting innovation are the
core values and highest standards of educational development. The diversity of social media types and functional differences lead to the diversification of social applications. Despite the rapid development of social media, the governance mechanism is imperfect and lacks a standardized mechanism. Therefore, they are the "short board" of social media, which hinders its benign development.

From the perspective of application, technology has restricted education for a long time. Since the 21st century, social media that integrates information transmission and interaction has transformed education through digitalization, but the shortcomings of traditional education limit its development. Due to technology limitations and weak technical support, we need to improve the whole system. In the context of technological progress, social media is seen as one of the ways of communicating knowledge. At the same time, the actual role of content-based social media in education remains open to question. In addition, difficulties in the transmission of information lead to low-quality education. As a result, educators need to achieve desired goals. The innovation of education is not only a technical problem but also closely related to the way of education.

4.3 Education Return: Correcting Social Media and Standardizing Education

From the perspective of education return, social media cannot comprehensively provide the value educators need. Evaluation methods used in social media are mainly based on user satisfaction, but more information and evaluation mechanisms about the quality of education are needed. The root of this problem may be information asymmetry. On social media, lessons often include a variety of "content," and the content presented reflects people's preferences on social media. However, most content concerns hot topics and needs higher education value. Generally, the quality of teaching is challenging to obtain or measure. Asymmetric information and imperfect evaluation mechanisms become obstacles to improving teaching efficiency.

Education and social media bear their attributes as carriers of information and content in providing value. Social media is a standard and effective communication tool in the asymmetric information mechanism that plays a vital role in education. Education is not only about imparting knowledge but also about values. Therefore, the social media mechanism based on "content" becomes the evaluation mechanism of education. The practical interpretation of education is generally a developmental way gradually formed based on social media, although it includes trial and error. From education to social media, it revolves closely around information delivery. Education aims to transmit values to suit the needs of society, but in the case of amplified information, this also presents a dilemma: information overload. Overall, there is room for improvement in social media, and the evaluation mechanism needs further improvement, which is also an important task of education.

5. Conclusion

The penetration and integration of social media in education have triggered profound changes in educational models and posed unprecedented challenges and new requirements to the education sector. As a landmark product of the information age, it profoundly reveals the "digital essence" of knowledge and becomes an indispensable force in promoting educational innovation. With its unique communication advantages, social media not only meets the urgent need for education to maintain its timeliness and improve efficiency but also deeply reflects the inherent pursuit of personalized and interactive learning in education. In this context, social media has been creatively applied in educational practice, constructing an educational framework that integrates theoretical analysis and practical operation. It enriches teaching methods, expands learning channels, and promotes optimizing and sharing educational resources. In recent years, with the rapid development of digital technology, modern information technologies such as social media have become a powerful driving force for educational progress, significantly improving the education process's accuracy, scientificity, and effectiveness. Looking ahead to the future, social media's continuous improvement and innovative development will further deepen its application in education, better meet diverse educational needs, promote comprehensive progress in the education industry, and contribute to the dual improvement of educational equity and quality.

References