Reflection on How Corporate Training Shall Support the Implementation of Corporate Strategy

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Abstract: The development and implementation of corporate strategy is one of the key factors in the success of an organization. The purpose of this paper is to discuss how corporate training becomes a key factor in supporting the implementation of corporate strategy. It emphasizes the impact of training on employee performance and organizational development, and proposes strategies on how to integrate training with strategy, in order to achieve organizational goals. Through analysis, we find that training not only enhances the skillset and knowledge of employees, but also facilitates their comprehension and execution of the organization’s strategic goals, which means that corporate training needs to be more dovetailed with strategic planning, and tailor training plans to meet the specific needs of the organization. On the other hand, measuring the effectiveness of training and its alignment with strategy is a key factor for ensuring success. Taken together, corporate training plays a vital part in supporting the implementation of corporate strategy. The successful integration of training requires clear strategic planning, investment, and innovation, which can allow organization to achieve their long-term goals and adapt to changing market conditions.

Keywords: corporate training; support; corporate strategy; implement; control

1. Introduction

The development and implementation of corporate strategy is an essential cornerstone underlying the success of an organization. Strategies deliver a clear vision and direction, guiding an organization to move forward in a highly competitive market. The successful implementation of corporate strategy depends not only on the decision-making of the leadership, but also on the participation and execution of employees at all levels within the organization. Under this background, corporate training becomes an indispensable factor in supporting the implementation of corporate strategy[1]. The training is not only aimed at improving employees’ skills, but also serves as a bridge connecting the organization’s vision with employees’ actions. By furnishing necessary knowledge, skills and understanding, training enables employees to better understand and execute the organization’s strategic goals. The purpose of this paper is to discuss how corporate training becomes a key factor in supporting the implementation of corporate strategy and provide insights on how to make the best use of training to achieve strategic goals for organizations and managers[2-3]. Corporate training is no longer an isolated activity, but an integral part of strategic implementation. We will address its inseparable relationship and potential impact in this paper.

2. Overview of How Corporate Training Shall Support Corporate Strategy

2.1 Definition and Elements of Corporate strategy

Corporate strategy, as an important guide for an organization’s future direction and resource allocation, covers not only goal setting and planning, but also the analysis of external environment, the evaluation of internal resources, and the choice of tactics. The elements include clearly defined vision, mission, values, as well as strategic goals and key performance indicators. Corporate strategy goes beyond being simply a plan; it serves as a guiding philosophy that sets the direction for an organization. Under this background, corporate training becomes an effective tool to support corporate strategy. Through training, employees acquire crucial knowledge and skills which enable them to better comprehend and execute the organization’s strategic goals[4]. In addition, training serves to strengthen employee awareness, ensuring they understand how their work aligns with strategic planning and ultimately bolstering the execution of the strategy. Key components in implementing corporate strategy
include resource allocation and optimization, along with tactic execution. Training not only helps improve employee performance, but also safeguards efficient resource utilization and helps employees better respond to market changes and shifts in strategic goals by equipping them with specialized knowledge and skills.

2.2 Impact of Corporate training on Employee Performance

The impact of corporate training on employee performance is a critical issue that addresses how organizations achieve strategic goals by investing in the improvement of employee knowledge and skills. Employee performance, as an integral part of organizational performance, plays a crucial role in implementing enterprise strategy. Specifically, training can offer new knowledge and skills that help employees better perform tasks related to the strategy. Through the provision of specialized training, employees can gain the required professional knowledge, enabling them to tackle tasks and challenges more efficiently, ultimately improving their performance within their areas of responsibility and contributing to the realization of strategic goals. Training can also elevate employees’ confidence and motivation[5]. Through the acquisition of new knowledge and skills, employees usually feel more confident and motivated to face challenges in their daily work. The heightened sense of motivation and confidence can directly result in higher performance outcomes and exert a positive effect on the implementation of strategy. Additionally, training can drive employees’ career development and promotion opportunities. Employees with constantly updated knowledge and skillsets are more likely to be seen as potential leaders and gain more promotion opportunities within the organization. This is an important competitive edge for the organization.

2.3 Association between Corporate Training and Strategy

There is a close association between corporate training and strategy, which is particularly important in highly competitive business environment today. Corporate training is seen as a key factor in supporting the implementation of strategy, which involves strategies, needs, performance and how the organization can make use of employee resources, operation, and planning to achieve strategic goals (Fig. 1). Firstly, corporate training can help bridge the gap in employees’ knowledge and skills to satisfy the requirements outlined in strategic planning[6]. The strategies often encompass adaptation to new technologies, market trends, and industrial standards, and training can ensure that employees have the essential tools and resources to better respond to these changes. Secondly, training can improve employee performance and foster their career growth, which is closely linked to the implementation of strategies. Employee performance and career development are of vital importance for the realization of strategic goals, as they serve as the executors of strategies. Through training, employees can improve work efficiency, increase innovation abilities, and better conform to the requirements of strategic goals. Lastly, training may help shape organizational culture and values and ensure that employees’ behaviors align with strategic goals. Organizational culture is crucial for the successful implementation of strategies, and training can convey and reinforce this kind of culture, ensuring that employees take an active part in their work and adhere to the values of the organization.

![Panorama of Corporate Training System](image)
3. Problems and Challenges in the Support of Corporate Strategy by Corporate Training

3.1 Constraints of Training Budget

In the highly competitive business environment today, companies must carefully allocate resources to ensure the realization of their strategic goals. However, training budgets are often subject to multiple constraints, which can restrict their effectiveness. Specifically, the restriction of training budgets may lead to insufficient training resources to satisfy the learning needs of employees. Enterprises may face the dilemma of balancing training needs and available resources, making some employees unable to access the necessary training and development opportunities[7]. The constraints of training budget can also lead to streamlined training plans, which reduces the overall breadth and depth of the training provided. Enterprises may be forced to prioritize more cost-effective training alternatives, for example, online self-study courses, while compromising more integrated training formats, such as face-to-face training or simulation-based exercise. This may affect employee performance and the success of strategic implementation. Furthermore, budget constraints can also influence the sustainability of training plans. Strategic implementation typically requires long-term commitment and continuous learning, but limited budgets may cause the interruption or termination of training plans. This, in turn, disrupts employees’ learning and development and potentially undermines the organization’s long-term competitiveness.

3.2 Employee Participation

The issue of employee participation is a noticeable challenge facing the support of corporate strategy by corporate training. Despite the considerable resources invested by enterprises in training, the active participation and engagement of employees are not necessarily guaranteed. The issue of employee participation involves employees’ participation and commitment to training activities and their ability to actively apply the knowledge and skills learned to support the organization’s strategic goals. One of the primary factors underlying employee participation is the content and design of trainings. If the training course doesn’t align with employees’ actual needs or is too generalized, employees may perceive the training as impractical or irrelevant, which lowers their participation and compromises their investment in training. In addition, the delivery method and educational mode of training also affects employee participation. Traditional face-to-face training may not work for all employees, especially for those working in dispersed areas or those requiring more flexible learning approaches. For this reason, adopting diversified training methods, such as online learning and simulation-based exercise, can enhance employees’ participation. Additionally, the issue of employee participation is also subject to the impact of the support and encouragement from the leadership. If the leadership doesn’t take an active part in training or fails to explicitly emphasize the close connection between training and strategic goals, employees may feel less motivated to participate in the training.

4. Strategies for Integration of Corporate Training and Corporate Strategy

4.1 From Training Need Analysis to Strategic Planning

The effective integration of corporate training and corporate strategy encompasses several key steps, ranging from training need analysis to strategic planning. This process requires meticulous design and implementation to ensure the optimal utilization of training resources in support of the organization’s long-term strategic goals. The training need analysis serves as the starting point in the entire integration process, which requires the organization to carefully assess the knowledge, skills and performance of current employees to identify gaps in supporting strategic goals. Training need analysis should also consider changes in the external environment, such as market trends and competition, to determine the new knowledge and skills that employees need to acquire. This analysis serves as the foundation for establishing training priorities, ensuring that training activities are targeted and directly aligned with the organization’s strategic goals. Later, based on the results of training need analysis, organizations can work out strategic plans, including identifying training goals, developing training plans, selecting appropriate training methods and resources, and establishing a mechanism to evaluate the effectiveness of training. Strategic planning needs to closely fit into the organization’s strategic goals to guarantee that training activities directly support these goals. Throughout the process, communication and collaboration are crucial. Departments and stakeholders related to strategic planning need to effectively collaborate to ensure that training activities are consistent with the organization’s long-term strategic vision.
4.2 Tailor Training Plans to Support Strategic Goals

Tailoring a training plan to support strategic goals is a key step in the integration of corporate training and corporate strategy, which is mainly composed of two levels and three parts: strategic-oriented overall plan and supportive training plans of subsidiaries and departments. Organizations are required to design training plans that are precisely mapped to specific strategic needs, and make sure that training activities are closely aligned with the strategic goals (Fig. 2). Specifically, tailoring training plans requires a clear definition of strategic goals, which involves understanding the specific goals and key performance indicators outlined in the strategic plan and comprehending the strategic challenges facing the organization. Only with a clear understanding of strategic goals can we set a specific direction for training plans. Subsequently, based on the strategic goals, training plans are supposed to clearly define the knowledge, skills, and behaviors needed to achieve these goals. This may include trainings that specifically focus on technical skills, leadership development, marketing strategies, and more. These trainings should be directly relevant to the organization’s strategic goals, and guarantee that the knowledge and skills acquired by employees are crucial for the implementation of strategies.

On the other hand, tailoring training plans also needs to take into account the needs of different employee groups. Employees in different positions and levels may necessitate different types and depths of training. Therefore, training plans should consider the diversity of employees, so that each employee can contribute to the achievement of strategic goals.

![Figure 2: Structure of a Training Plan](image)

4.3 Measuring the Effectiveness and Strategy Alignment of Training

Measuring the effectiveness and strategy alignment of training is a critical part of the integration strategy between corporate training and corporate strategy, helping determine whether training activities have successfully supported the organization’s strategic goals and offering opportunities for improvement and optimization. Measuring the effectiveness of training requires a clear definition of key performance indicators that have a direct bearing on strategic goals and cover multiple fields, such as financial performance, employee performance, market share and customer satisfaction. These indicators should be closely fit into the training goals and strategic plans, to facilitate the assess of the impact of training on these indicators. The evaluation methods should also include multiple dimensions, including pre-, mid-, and post-evaluation. Pre-evaluation may help determine the starting points and training needs of employees, mid-evaluation can track the learning progress and performance improvements of employees, and post-evaluation is used to measure the long-term impact of training on strategic goals. This dimensional evaluation method contributes to a thorough understanding of the effectiveness of training. Besides, the evaluation methods are supposed to include the collection of quantitative and qualitative data, to evaluate the effectiveness of training in all its dimensions thoroughly. Quantitative data provide specific numbers and trends, while qualitative data provide feedbacks and perspectives from employees and management, which contributes to a more all-rounded understanding of the impact of training.

5. Conclusion

As an indispensable part supporting the implementation of corporate strategy, corporate training plays a vital part in the highly competitive business environment in modern times. In this paper, we address how corporate training can be integrated with corporate strategy, to improve employee performance,
strengthen the execution of strategic plans, and make sure that organizations stand out in an ever-changing market. By clearly defining strategic goals, carefully designing training plans on the basis of training need analysis, and measuring the effectiveness of training and its alignment with strategy, enterprises can make better use of training resources to ensure the realization of their long-term vision. However, the support of corporate strategy by corporate training is not a one-time task. In ever-changing environments, organizations need to flexibly adapt to new challenges and opportunities, and keep adjusting training strategies to guarantee their alignment with strategic goals. Through unremitting efforts and intelligent decision-making, organizations can ensure that training is more than just a tool for employee development. It becomes a powerful instrument to achieve strategic goals. Only through sustained attention, investment, and innovation can organizations differentiate themselves in a highly competitive marketplace and achieve long-term success.

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