Exploration of practical teaching reform of mobile communication curriculum

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Abstract: This paper discusses the importance and feasibility of practical teaching reform in the course of mobile communication, and proposes an innovative teaching model. By analyzing the current trends in the field of mobile communication and the learning needs of students, combined with advanced teaching concepts and technological means, a series of practical teaching activities have been designed to enhance students' practical abilities and innovation consciousness, and to cultivate their ability to adapt to the development of the mobile communication industry. The practical teaching reform has achieved good results and has been unanimously praised by students and teachers.

Keywords: mobile communication, practical teaching, teaching reform, learning needs, teaching model

1. Introduction

The rapid development of mobile communication technology has brought about significant changes to people's lives and work. As an important component of the Information and Communication Engineering major, the teaching content and methods of mobile communication courses urgently need to be updated and improved. The traditional classroom teaching mode fails to meet the learning needs of students, and the lack of practical activities results in insufficient practical abilities among students. Therefore, it is urgent to reform the practical teaching of mobile communication courses to improve students' practical abilities and innovation consciousness.

2. Current Status Analysis of Mobile Communication Course

2.1 Development Trends of Mobile Communication Technology

Mobile communication technology is undergoing rapid development, with the commercialization of 5G technology accelerating its progress, bringing advantages such as high speed, low latency, large connectivity, and wide coverage, driving the intelligent development of various industries. Furthermore, the increased level of network softwareization and virtualization makes the network more flexible and controllable. At the same time, the rapid development of emerging applications such as the Internet of Things (IoT) and Connected Vehicles (CV) has also propelled the advancement of mobile communication technology, demanding networks to be more adaptive and supportive. These trends provide important reference basis for the teaching reform of mobile communication courses.

2.2 Students' Learning Needs for Mobile Communication Courses

Students' learning needs for mobile communication courses mainly include three aspects: mastering core theoretical knowledge, enhancing practical operational abilities, and understanding the latest industry trends. They hope to systematically learn fundamental theories such as signals and systems, digital communication, and strengthen their operational skills through practical tasks to meet actual job requirements. Additionally, students aspire to stay abreast of the latest technological developments and application cases in the industry to remain aligned with industry trends. Therefore, teaching should adjust course content and methods according to students' needs, emphasize the combination of theory and practice, provide teaching content closely related to industry development, and cultivate students' comprehensive abilities.
2.3 Problems with Traditional Teaching Models

Traditional teaching of mobile communication courses has multiple problems that need timely reform and innovation to meet the needs of industry development. Firstly, the classroom content is overly theoretical and lacks practical aspects, leading to low student interest and the inability to translate theoretical knowledge into practical operational abilities. Secondly, teaching resources are limited and cannot keep pace with industry development, resulting in teaching materials lagging behind the latest technological advancements, thus failing to meet students' learning needs. Thirdly, the evaluation methods are single, mainly relying on written examinations, making it difficult to comprehensively assess students' comprehensive qualities and practical operational abilities, failing to reflect students' true levels effectively. These problems constrain teaching effectiveness and quality, necessitating reform and innovation. Future teaching models should focus more on combining theory and practice, increase practical aspects, enhance students' practical operational abilities; actively introduce new teaching resources, including the latest technical materials and experimental equipment, as well as industry experts, to ensure the updating and cutting-edge nature of teaching content; diversified assessment methods, including practical projects, group discussions, internship reports, etc., to comprehensively evaluate students' abilities and qualities. These reform measures will help improve teaching quality and effectiveness, cultivate outstanding talents more adaptable to industry demands.[1]

3. Design of Practical Teaching Reform in Mobile Communication Course

3.1 Redefining Teaching Objectives

3.1.1 Strengthening Practical Abilities

In the reform of practical teaching in the mobile communication course, we will focus on enhancing students' practical abilities. This means that students need to master the basic applications and operational skills of mobile communication technology through practical operations. Specifically, our teaching objectives include:

- Providing a variety of practical projects covering aspects such as configuration, debugging, and performance testing of mobile communication networks, allowing students to get hands-on experience, deeply understand the technical principles, and master operational methods.
- Emphasizing the cultivation of problem-solving abilities during experiments, encouraging students to actively explore solutions when encountering difficulties, and cultivating their practical problem-solving capabilities.
- Providing simulated practical environments, allowing students to practice operations in virtual scenarios to enhance their adaptability to actual working environments.

3.1.2 Cultivating Innovation Awareness

In addition to practical abilities, we also aim to cultivate students' innovation awareness. The field of mobile communication is evolving rapidly, requiring continuous technological and conceptual innovation. Therefore, our teaching objectives include:

- Encouraging students to propose novel ideas and solutions during practical exercises, fostering their innovative thinking.
- Guiding students to participate in project design and practical activities, stimulating their ability to solve practical problems, and fostering their awareness of innovation in technology and applications.
- Providing opportunities for innovative projects, allowing students to experience the joy of innovation in practice, enhancing their understanding and pursuit of innovation.[2]

3.1.3 Enhancing Teamwork Skills

In the field of mobile communication, teamwork skills are crucial. To cultivate students' abilities to collaborate, communicate, and coordinate within teams, our teaching objectives include:

- Arranging team projects and tasks, allowing students to collaborate and complete tasks together, thereby exercising their teamwork skills.
- Emphasizing the importance of team communication and coordination, encouraging students to communicate effectively with team members, and resolve issues encountered during cooperation.
Providing opportunities for team building and leadership development, allowing students to experience different roles within a team, and enhancing their leadership and team management abilities.

### 3.1.4 Strengthening Comprehensive Qualities

In addition to professional skills, we also aim to cultivate students' comprehensive qualities, including communication skills, expression abilities, and problem-solving skills. Therefore, our teaching objectives also include:

- Providing a variety of courses to enhance comprehensive qualities, including public speaking, writing, and team discussions, to help students improve their communication and expression abilities.
- Emphasizing the cultivation of problem-solving abilities during practical activities, enabling students to analyze problems, propose solutions, and effectively implement and execute them.
- Cultivating students' professional ethics and social responsibilities, making them aware of the mission and responsibilities of being professionals in the field of mobile communication, and emphasizing personal cultivation and social contribution.

### 3.2 Design and Arrangement of Practical Teaching Activities

#### 3.2.1 Experimental Course Design

Experimental course design is an integral part of practical teaching in mobile communication courses. Through carefully designed experiments, students can consolidate theoretical knowledge and master practical operational skills. In experimental course design, we will focus on the following aspects:

- Firstly, we will determine the objectives and content of the experiments, ensuring their relevance to the teaching objectives. Subsequently, we will design detailed experimental procedures, including required materials, operation processes, and data recording, to help students understand the experimental process. At the same time, we will provide relevant experimental guidance materials, such as manuals and video tutorials, to assist students in conducting operations during experiments.
- Additionally, we will focus on analyzing and summarizing experimental results. After completing the experiments, we will guide students to analyze the results, summarize experiences and lessons learned, and compare them with theoretical knowledge to deepen their understanding of the course content. Through experimental course design, we aim to cultivate students' practical abilities and problem-solving capabilities, laying a solid foundation for their future career development.\(^3\)

#### 3.2.2 Organization of Project Practice Activities

Project practice activities are crucial for cultivating students' teamwork and innovation awareness. In project practice activities, students will apply their knowledge to solve practical problems, exercise teamwork skills, and innovate. When organizing project practice activities, we will take the following measures:

- Firstly, we will select project topics that are suitable and relevant to the course content, and can stimulate students' interest. Subsequently, we will form project teams, allocate tasks according to students' professional backgrounds and interests, and clarify the responsibilities and work content of each member.
- Secondly, we will formulate detailed project plans and schedules to ensure that projects can be completed smoothly and on time. During project implementation, we will provide necessary guidance and support to help students solve problems encountered and adjust project directions and plans promptly.
- Finally, we will emphasize the presentation and sharing of project results. After students complete the projects, we will organize related presentation activities, giving them the opportunity to showcase project results and share experiences and insights with other students and teachers. Through project practice activities, we aim to cultivate students' teamwork skills, innovation awareness, and practical problem-solving capabilities, preparing them for future career development.

#### 3.2.3 Arrangement of Visits and Exchange Activities

Visits and exchange activities are essential for broadening students' horizons and understanding industry trends. Through visits to communication companies, research institutions, etc., students can...
access the latest technologies and applications, understand industry development trends, and stimulate their learning interest. When arranging visits and exchange activities, we will pay attention to the following aspects:

Firstly, we will select representative communication companies, research institutions, etc., as visit targets to ensure that students can gain valuable visiting experiences. Subsequently, we will arrange appropriate visiting times to ensure that students can integrate visiting activities into their course learning without affecting the course progress.[4]

Secondly, we will design the visit routes and content, including specific venues to visit, and the key content of the visit. During the visit, we will organize students to interact with technical or research personnel of companies or institutions, understand their work content, technical applications, and development prospects.

Finally, we will organize students to write visit reports, summarizing the gains and experiences from the visit, and share them with other students. Through visit and exchange activities, we aim to broaden students' horizons, enhance their understanding of the industry, and provide references and support for their future career development.

### 3.2.4 Implementation of Comprehensive Practical Courses

Comprehensive practical courses integrate multiple practical activities, allowing students to comprehensively master the application and practical abilities of mobile communication technology through simulated real-world scenarios. When implementing comprehensive practical courses, we will focus on the following aspects of design and arrangement:

Firstly, we will determine the overall framework and content of the course, including the practical activities involved, the content of the practices, and the methods of practice. Subsequently, we will design specific practical activities, such as experimental courses, project practice activities, visiting exchange activities, etc., to ensure that students can gain comprehensive practical experience in different scenarios.

Secondly, we will coordinate the time and resources of various practical activities to ensure the smooth implementation of practical activities. During the practice process, we will provide necessary guidance and support to help students solve problems encountered and adjust course arrangements and practice plans in a timely manner.

Finally, we will focus on summarizing and evaluating practical results. After students complete comprehensive practical courses, we will organize related evaluation activities to comprehensively evaluate students' practical performance and results, provide targeted guidance and feedback, and promote the comprehensive improvement of their practical abilities and qualities.[5]

### 3.3 Integration and Utilization of Teaching Resources

#### 3.3.1 Establishment of Laboratories and Equipment

To support the implementation of practical teaching, establishing laboratories and equipping relevant equipment is crucial. Firstly, we need to invest in purchasing various experimental equipment, including mobile communication devices, network simulators, signal generators, etc., to meet the needs of students for experimental operations. Secondly, we also need to configure corresponding software tools, such as network simulation software, communication protocol analysis tools, etc., to provide the necessary computer environment for experiments. At the same time, we need to plan and design the layout and functional areas of the laboratory to ensure the safety and comfort of the experimental environment. By establishing laboratories and equipment, we can provide students with a good practical platform to promote the cultivation of their practical abilities and innovation awareness.

#### 3.3.2 Active Engagement in School-Enterprise Cooperation

School-enterprise cooperation is an important approach to enriching practical teaching resources. We can establish cooperative relationships with communication companies, research institutions, etc., to share teaching resources and practical platforms. Through cooperation with enterprises to carry out practical projects and provide internship opportunities, students can access real working environments and projects, enhancing their practical abilities and competitiveness in employment. Meanwhile, schools can also leverage the technical and resource advantages of enterprises to provide more support and guarantees for practical teaching. Actively engaging in school-enterprise cooperation is conducive
to promoting the integration and optimization of school teaching resources and advancing the in-depth development of practical teaching.[6]

3.3.3 Integration of Online Resources and Digital Teaching Resources

Utilizing Internet platforms and digital teaching resources can provide students with diverse learning materials and practical guidance. We can establish online teaching platforms to provide course materials, experiment guidance, learning videos, etc., facilitating students to learn and practice anytime, anywhere. Meanwhile, we can also utilize online resources such as online forums, social media, etc., to promote communication and collaboration among students, broaden their learning horizons, and expand their communication channels. By integrating online resources and digital teaching resources, we can break the limitations of time and space, providing students with more convenient and flexible learning methods, thereby enhancing their learning effectiveness and experience.

3.3.4 Strengthening Faculty Development

The faculty team is an important part of practical teaching resources. To improve the quality and effectiveness of practical teaching, we need to strengthen faculty development. Firstly, we can conduct teacher training and academic exchange activities to enhance teachers' practical teaching abilities and innovation awareness, and update teaching concepts and methods. Secondly, we can encourage teachers to participate in research projects and practical activities, accumulate rich practical experience and cases, and provide students with more vivid and practical teaching content. By strengthening faculty development, we can continuously improve teaching levels and quality, providing better teaching support and guidance for students.

4. Implementation and Evaluation of Practical Teaching Modes

In the process of implementing and evaluating practical teaching modes, it is essential to consider the specific implementation steps of teaching activities, assessment and feedback of student learning outcomes, and the summary and sharing of teaching experiences by teachers. These three aspects interweave to form a complete ecosystem of practical teaching modes.

4.1 Specific Implementation Steps of Practical Teaching Modes

The specific implementation steps of practical teaching modes are crucial to ensuring the smooth progress of teaching activities. Firstly, developing a practical teaching plan is the foundation of teaching activities. In the plan, we need to clarify teaching objectives, activity arrangements, and resource preparations to ensure the smooth progress of teaching activities. Secondly, preparing teaching resources is a key part of implementing the teaching plan. By integrating various teaching resources, including laboratory equipment, project materials, and visiting venues, we can provide students with rich learning resources and practical environments. Then, organizing practical teaching activities is the core content of the teaching plan. In practical activities, teachers need to guide students in practical operations and project implementation, helping them master relevant skills and knowledge. Finally, timely summarizing and adjusting teaching activities are important guarantees for teaching effectiveness. By summarizing experiences and lessons learned, we can identify problems in a timely manner and adjust teaching plans promptly, continuously optimizing teaching effectiveness.

4.2 Assessment and Feedback of Student Learning Outcomes

Assessment and feedback of student learning outcomes are essential aspects of practical teaching modes. By assessing student learning outcomes, we can understand their learning levels and practical abilities, identify problems promptly, and make targeted adjustments and improvements. In the assessment process, various methods can be used, including learning performance assessment, feedback questionnaires, personalized guidance, and self-assessment by students. Through these assessment methods, we can comprehensively understand students' learning situations and needs, providing important bases for teaching improvement.

4.3 Summary and Sharing of Teaching Experiences by Teachers

The summary and sharing of teaching experiences by teachers are important ways to promote the continuous development and improvement of practical teaching modes. Through the exchange of
teaching experiences and sharing of teaching cases among teachers, we can learn from others' successful experiences, identify problems in teaching, and explore more effective teaching methods and strategies. In the process of summarizing and sharing teaching experiences, methods such as teaching experience exchange meetings, teaching case sharing, and publishing teaching papers can promote communication and cooperation among teachers, enhancing teaching levels and quality.

5. Insights and Prospects for Teaching Reform

5.1 Insights from Teaching Reform

The insights from teaching reform represent the valuable experience and profound understanding gained from current practical teaching practices, guiding the direction and goals of future teaching reforms. Firstly, we realize that practical teaching is an effective approach to enhancing students' practical abilities and innovation awareness. Through practical teaching, students can gain a deeper understanding and mastery of professional knowledge, cultivating their problem-solving skills. Secondly, we recognize the importance of diversification and flexibility in teaching modes for teaching reform. Different students have different learning styles and needs; therefore, we need to design and implement various teaching modes tailored to meet diverse learning needs. Lastly, we deeply understand the importance of teachers' teaching abilities and teaching philosophies. Teachers are the main body and promoters of teaching reform, and their teaching abilities and philosophies directly influence teaching effectiveness and student learning quality. Therefore, we need to value the cultivation and improvement of teachers' teaching abilities, continuously improve the teacher training system, and enhance teaching quality.

5.2 Prospects for Future Teaching Reform

The prospects for future teaching reform represent our hopeful expectations and aspirations for the development of education, guiding us towards a brighter future for education. Firstly, we hope to establish a more diversified and inclusive education system through teaching reform. In the future of education, we will fully respect students' personalities and strengths, focusing on cultivating students' innovative spirit and practical abilities, and creating a more open and free learning environment. Secondly, we hope to promote the equitable allocation and sharing of educational resources through teaching reform. In the future of education, we will strive to narrow the gap in education between urban and rural areas and the differences in educational resources between schools, providing every student with fair and high-quality educational services. Lastly, we hope to achieve deep integration and innovative development of education and technology through teaching reform. In the future of education, we will make full use of information technology and Internet platforms, promoting innovation and upgrading of educational teaching modes, and providing students with a more intelligent and personalized learning experience.

6. Conclusion

Through exploration and practice of teaching reform in the mobile communication course, we have found that adopting innovative teaching modes can effectively improve students' practical abilities and innovation awareness, enhancing their ability to adapt to the development of the mobile communication industry. However, teaching reform is an ongoing process that requires continuous summarization of experiences and continuous improvement to meet the developmental needs of the times. It is hoped that this study can provide some reference and guidance for the teaching reform of mobile communication courses.

References