Study on the Paths and Strategies for Promoting High-Quality Economic Development under the New Development Stage

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Abstract: Against the backdrop of the global economy entering a new stage of development, the promotion of high-quality development has become an important goal of economic transformation in various countries. The purpose of this paper is to explore the paths and strategies to achieve high-quality development, emphasizing the importance of technological innovation, sustainable development and inclusive growth. Through literature review and case study analysis, this paper summarizes the main challenges currently facing high-quality development and proposes specific solutions. It finds that technological innovation and digital transformation are key drivers of high-quality development, while green economy and sustainable practices are important means to ensure long-term economic stability. Meanwhile, inclusive growth and social equity can promote social harmony and reduce development imbalances. The paper also proposes multi-level implementation strategies, including government policies, corporate strategies and international cooperation, and emphasizes the important role of monitoring and evaluation mechanisms in promoting high-quality development. The main contribution of this paper is to provide a systematic theoretical framework and practical guidelines to help policymakers and business managers realize high-quality transformation of the economy in the new development phase.

Keywords: new development stage; high-quality development; path study

1. Introduction

In the context of the new era, the Chinese economy has entered a new stage of high-quality development. Realizing this goal requires the support of multiple strategies, such as innovation-driven, coordinated development, green development, open cooperation and sharing economy. This paper proposes specific policies and implementation strategies by systematically sorting out and analyzing the theory and practice of high-quality development.

1.1 Background of the study

As the global economy enters a new stage of development, countries are faced with multiple challenges, including resource constraints, environmental pressures and social inequalities. The traditional crude growth model is no longer sustainable, and high-quality development has become an inevitable choice for achieving sustainable economic growth, improving people's quality of life and enhancing international competitiveness. Therefore, it is of great practical significance to explore paths and strategies to promote high-quality development.

1.2 Significance of the study

The theoretical significance of this study lies in the fact that this paper enriches the theoretical system of economic development, especially in terms of innovation, sustainability and inclusive growth, by systematically sorting out and analyzing the relevant theories and practices of high-quality development. The high-quality development framework proposed in the paper provides academics with new perspectives and analytical tools, and helps deepen the understanding of economic transformation and development.

The practical significance lies in the fact that this paper provides actionable paths and strategic
recommendations for governments and enterprises to help them cope with the challenges of the new development stage. The policy recommendations and implementation strategies in the paper can guide policymakers to formulate more effective economic development policies and promote high-quality economic transformation.

1.3 Literature review

Domestic scholars have conducted a lot of research on how to promote high-quality development through different paths and strategies in the new development stage. In terms of innovation-driven and high-quality development, Pei Chao (2023) points out that the convention and exhibition industry, as an important part of the modern service industry, effectively enhances the high-quality development of the urban economy through such innovations as industrial cross-border development, meta-universe marketing and urban space economy.[1] Similarly, Zhang Bin (2022) emphasized that innovation is not only the engine of economic growth, but also should solve the problems of overcapacity, inefficient use of resources and environmental pollution through scientific and technological innovation in order to achieve the modernization and sustainable development of the economy. [2]

In terms of regional coordination and policy transformation, Ren Baoping (2023) suggests that the path to high-quality regional economic development should include cultivating new growth points, promoting cross-regional coordinated development and optimizing regional economic structure.[3] He further points out that it should be shifted from quantitative regional economic policy regulation to quality and efficiency policy regulation, focusing on endogenous innovation and green development. In terms of consumption upgrading and market demand, Shi Lin Diem (2021) pointed out that China must cope with the uncertainties and challenges of the external environment and promote high-quality economic development by promoting service consumption, raising the level of residents' income and adjusting the pattern of income distribution.[4] She also emphasized that the improvement of consumption structure and level can promote the development of regional modern productivity and the optimization and upgrading of industrial structure. In terms of green development and sustainability, Zhang Bin (2022) points out that it is necessary to deal with the relationship between economic development and environmental protection, adhere to the concept of green development, promote low-carbon development, and construct a harmonious relationship between human beings and nature. [5] This view is widely recognized that green development not only solves ecological and environmental problems, but also lays the foundation for long-term sustainable socio-economic development. In terms of openness, cooperation and international competitiveness, Yu Miaojie (2024) points out that through the "double-cycle" strategy, the advantages of the domestic mega-market are utilized to promote a higher level of opening up to the outside world, so as to enhance China's new advantages in international cooperation and competition. This strategy emphasizes the need to enhance the capacity for independent innovation and improve the overall competitiveness of the economy while opening up.

At the new stage of development, the promotion of high-quality development requires a multifaceted approach that takes into account innovation-driven, regional coordination, consumption upgrading, green development and openness and cooperation. Through the comprehensive application of these strategies, it is possible to effectively respond to various challenges in economic development and achieve sustained and healthy economic development.

2. Theoretical framework for high-quality development

2.1 The concept of high-quality development

High-quality development refers to a comprehensive development model that realizes efficient use of resources, environmental friendliness, social equity and innovation-driven economic growth. It focuses not only on the expansion of economic aggregates, but also emphasizes the optimization of economic structure, the transformation of the development mode and the improvement of quality and efficiency. High-quality development emphasizes being innovation-driven, advocates a green and low-carbon production and lifestyle, and pursues coordinated and sustainable development of the economy, society and the environment, while focusing on improving the quality of people's lives and social well-being. In the context of globalization, high-quality development also involves enhancing international competitiveness and participation in global governance.
2.2 Current status and challenges to high-quality development

Although the concept of high-quality development has been widely recognized, it still faces many challenges in the actual promotion process:

First is the pressure on resources and the environment. Many countries still rely on the traditional high-pollution, high-energy-consumption mode of economic growth, leading to increasingly serious problems of resource depletion and environmental pollution. Promoting high-quality development requires a substantial reduction in resource consumption and environmental pollution and the realization of green development.

The second is the lack of innovation capacity. Science, technology and innovation are the core drivers of high-quality development. However, many countries and regions have insufficient innovation capacity, uneven distribution of innovation resources and low rates of transformation of scientific and technological achievements, constraining high-quality economic development.

There is also social inequality. The wealth generated by economic growth has not been evenly distributed, and income gaps, regional disparities and social inequities persist. High-quality development requires a more inclusive and equitable development model that reduces development gaps across all categories.

In addition to these, institutions and policies sometimes present certain obstacles. The systems and policies in place are often mismatched with the requirements of high-quality development, including problems such as inadequate market mechanisms, rigid administrative systems and inadequate policy implementation. These institutional and policy barriers need to be overcome through reform and innovation.

Finally, high-quality development often has to face the challenges of globalization. In the context of globalization, issues such as trade frictions, industrial chain supply chain security and intensified international competition also pose new challenges to high-quality development. Countries need to compete in cooperation and enhance their coping capacities.

3. Pathways to high-quality development

3.1 Technology innovation and digital transformation

Technological innovation and digital transformation are important engines for promoting high-quality development. Technological innovation covers not only breakthroughs in cutting-edge technologies, but also industrial upgrading and efficiency enhancement. By increasing investment in R&D and promoting the integration of industry, academia and research, it can promote the transformation of scientific and technological achievements, enhance the ability of independent innovation and strengthen international competitiveness. Meanwhile, digital transformation enhances enterprise productivity and market competitiveness through the application of new technologies such as big data, artificial intelligence and the Internet of Things. Promoting the digital transformation of traditional industries and the development of smart manufacturing, smart cities and the digital economy can improve the level of intelligence in the industrial chain and supply chain, realize the improvement of total factor productivity, and provide a strong impetus for the high-quality development of the economy.

3.2 Sustainable practices and green economy

Sustainable development and a green economy are important components of high-quality development. Realizing coordinated development of the economy and the environment, reducing resource consumption and environmental pollution and promoting green transformation are key. By formulating and implementing strict environmental protection policies and promoting the development of a circular economy, it is possible to advocate energy conservation and emission reduction, promote cleaner production and the efficient use of resources, and reduce the negative impact on the environment. Developing new and renewable sources of energy, reducing dependence on fossil energy, promoting green technological innovation, supporting the development of green industries, promoting the formation of a low-carbon economy and building a green supply chain are measures that will help to achieve sustainable economic development and ecological improvement.
3.3 Inclusive growth and social equity

Inclusive growth and social equity are the social foundations of quality development. Ensuring that the fruits of economic growth benefit all members of society, narrowing the gap between the rich and the poor, and promoting social harmony and stability are necessary. By promoting employment and entrepreneurship, upgrading the quality of the labor force and enhancing the social security system, the quality of life of the people can be improved and social mobility promoted. At the same time, formulating fair and reasonable income distribution policies to narrow the income gap and protecting the interests of vulnerable groups through tax regulation and social security will realize a fair and just development environment. The realization of inclusive growth and social equity will help build a harmonious and stable society and provide a sound social foundation for high-quality development.

3.4 Structural reforms and institutional innovations

Structural reform and institutional innovation are the institutional guarantee for high-quality development. Optimizing the economic structure, improving market efficiency and stimulating economic vitality through deepening reform and institutional innovation is the key to achieving high-quality development. Promoting supply-side structural reform, optimizing the industrial structure, promoting the transformation and upgrading of traditional industries, and developing new industries can enhance the quality of economic development. At the same time, adjusting regional development strategies, promoting coordinated regional development and narrowing regional development gaps. Improving the market economic system, perfecting the property rights protection system, strengthening the rule of law environment, creating a fair and competitive market environment, reforming the administrative management system, improving the government's governance capacity, and upgrading the level of public services can provide a solid institutional guarantee and a stable policy environment for high-quality development through these institutional innovation measures.

4. Conclusion and outlook

4.1 Main findings

This study examines the paths and strategies for promoting high-quality development in the new development phase, emphasizing the key roles of technological innovation, sustainable practices, inclusive growth and structural reform. The study shows that technological innovation and digital transformation are the core drivers for enhancing productivity and international competitiveness; sustainable practices and a green economy are important means to achieve efficient resource utilization and environmental protection; inclusive growth and social equity are the basis for maintaining social stability and promoting the sharing of development fruits by all; and structural reform and institutional innovation are necessary to optimize economic structure and enhance market efficiency. Through the integrated implementation of these paths and strategies, the level of coordinated development of the economy, society and the environment can be comprehensively enhanced, and a fundamental shift in the mode of economic growth can be realized.

4.2 Policy recommendations

First, investment in technological innovation should be increased. The Government should increase its investment in scientific research, support the technological research and development of enterprises, promote cooperation between industry, academia and research, and establish an innovation-driven economy. Second, promoting digital transformation is the key to enhancing productivity and market competitiveness. The government should formulate policies to encourage the development of the digital economy, support the digital transformation and intelligent upgrading of enterprises, and promote the widespread application of emerging technologies such as big data, artificial intelligence and the Internet of Things. Third, strengthen environmental protection policies to promote the development of a green economy. The government should implement strict environmental regulations, encourage green technological innovation, develop the circular economy and renewable energy, and promote green transformation. Fourth, promote social equity and realize inclusive growth. The government should improve the social security system, formulate fair and reasonable income distribution policies, narrow the income gap and protect the interests of vulnerable groups. Finally, deepen structural reform and promote institutional innovation. It should promote supply-side structural
reform, optimize industrial and regional development strategies, and enhance the quality and effectiveness of economic development.

4.3 Research Outlook

Future research should further refine the paths and strategies of high-quality development and conduct more targeted empirical research on the specific characteristics of different regions and industries. At the same time, it should explore the potential impact of new technological and economic trends on high-quality development, improve the evaluation index system of high-quality development, and provide policymakers with more accurate decision-making support. In addition, with the deepening of the globalization process, research should also focus on international cooperation and global governance, and explore effective paths and mechanisms for achieving high-quality development on a global scale. Through continuous theoretical exploration and practical innovation, it will promote a more sustainable and high-quality development of the global economy.

References