Research on Standardization Construction of Rural Party Branch in the New Era

Yong guo

Shanxi University of Finance and Economics, College of Marxism, Taiyuan, 202007, China

ABSTRACT. Since the 18th National Congress of the Communist Party of China (CPC), General Secretary Xi Jinping has attached great importance to standardization, which has pointed out the way forward and provided fundamental compliance for us to promote the standardization and standardization construction of grassroots Party organizations. The 19th National Congress of the CPC put forward a series of important ideas and measures for party building in the new era, especially for strengthening the construction of grassroots organizations, and provided a direction for the standardization of Party branches. Into the new era of party construction with the new requirements, we must pay more attention to the importance of the construction of rural grassroots party building standardization, standardization, through the analysis of the current situation of rural grassroots party building, looking for some existing problems, cause analysis, and further puts forward feasible countermeasures, only strong rural grassroots party organizations, party in the rural areas of all the work will have a solid foundation, the rural reform, development and stability will be reliable guarantee.

KEYWORDS: Rural, Grass-roots party construction, Standardization

1. Introduction

“Agriculture is fundamental, the outline of the country”. Primary-level party organizations in rural areas are the nerve endings of the Party, the organizational basis of the Party's work in rural areas, and play a leading role in rural economic development and social management. On November 26, 2018, xi jinping, hosting a meeting of the political bureau of the central committee general secretary, reviewed and adopted the regulations on the rural grassroots organization work of the communist party of China and the regulations by the rules in chapter 8 of the 1999 article 48 in chapter 34 increased to 10, 3654 to 7750 words, wrote “rural governance” and “leadership and guarantee” in chapter two, to modify all the other chapters. This has provided the new standard for the countryside to strengthen the party construction. The revision of the Regulations also provides a fundamental basis for us to promote the standardization and standardization of rural grass-roots party construction. At the same time, practice has also proved that to strengthen the standardization and standardization of rural community-level Party building is an
effective measure to strengthen the comprehensive and strict Party governance, and is also a practical need to help realize the rural revitalization strategy.

2. The Rural Grass-Roots Party Construction Standardization Construction Status Quo

Take the construction of rural grassroots Party branch in C Town, J City, Shanxi Province as an example. C Town has jurisdiction over 15 administrative villages, among which 9 administrative villages have general Party branch and 6 administrative villages have party branch. The town has a total of 54 rural Party branches, 5 organs, enterprises and institutions branch. With the party central Committee constantly attaches importance to and strengthens to the basic level party organization construction, the town also unceasingly improves the work way and innovates the system mechanism in the basic level Party organization (especially the rural party branch) construction aspect, and has obtained the certain result.

In the county's “dismantling and improving the quality of violations” in 2017,”party branch main charge in front of a good 'attack the core group" emphasizes the core role of party branch leadership. First, the branch leads to grasp the mobilization. The 15 village party branches of the town promptly held party members and villagers representatives mobilization meeting, carefully do the policy publi city and interpretation work, the party committee, the county party committee's decision and deployment spirit into the grass-roots Party members and farmers. Second, party members should pay close attention to ideology. The whole town all party members qi Qi to move, adopt the “every family walk, talk about the policy, calculate the big account " method, thorough the household masses listen to the opinions carefully, reason and talk about the advantages and disadvantages, do ideological work, and strive to solve the problem in the bud. Third, the two commissions are responsible for the implementation. A village adopts the form of “reverse time and wall chart operation” to rapidly promote the dismantling of the illegal work, and makes reasonable planning according to the situation after the demolition, and strives to create a beautiful new countryside with “the village in the forest and the scenery in the village”.

3. The Rural Basic Level Party Construction Standardization Construction Existence Question

3.1 Ideological Aspects: Party Members and Cadres Do Not Have a Deep Understanding of the Importance of Work

The current rural economic development is not balanced, agricultural products and other industries benefit is low, most young people choose to go out to work, led to the small number of party organizations at the grass-roots level cadres in the young men and old cadres are limited by the body, family, etc., to work enthusiasm is not high, there exists a phenomenon of sabotage, work is not as, the thought of
“not aim at success but beg without” makes trouble of party construction, it is difficult to carry out. With the passage of time, it is difficult for cadres of grassroots Party organizations to give full play to the positive energy of an excellent Communist party member, unable to be passionate about what they are doing. At the same time, the grass-roots party construction work is in the front line, the task is varied and detailed, its work level directly affects the majority of villagers on the image of our Party's views and recognition. Although things at the grass-roots level are small, they are tedious and complicated.

3.2 Organization: Some Party Organizations Have Poor Discipline and Insufficient Cohesion

In the construction of rural grass-roots party organizations, there is a general lack of innovation consciousness and the spirit to take on responsibilities, and grass-roots Party members and cadres are stagnant in their thoughts and work ideas, so they cannot start practical work. At the same time, grassroots Party organizations have poor discipline, lack of timely criticism and self-criticism, and low enthusiasm to participate in activities, leading to the lack of cohesion within the organization. For example, the secretary of the Party Committee of D Town, G City, Shanxi Province reflects that there are “three phenomena” among party branch secretaries in some rural areas at present. Two is “lazy” do not want to think, simple method.

(3) Work: Part of the rural grassroots Party building work did not proceed from reality

General Secretary Xi Jinping stressed in his article “Enhancing the Consciousness and Firmness of Promoting the Party's Political Construction” that the party's political construction is an eternal subject. China has a vast territory, vast rural areas have different customs, cultural characteristics and so on. Corresponding, the rural basic level party building work of different area also cannot be generalized. In particular, the eastern regions of China are economically developed, while the rural areas in the central and western regions are underdeveloped, so they have different problems in their work. Accordingly, organization of each district primary level party wants to carry out to hold party line, principle, policy on overall layout, at the same time in “detail detail” place also wants specific problem specific analysis, combine this village actual.

4. The Rural Basic Level Party Construction Standardization Standardized Construction Optimization Path

4.1 Strengthen the Rural Grassroots Party Branch Position Construction

Rural grassroots Party branch is the last platform for the party to manage rural affairs, which is of great significance to the implementation of rural revitalization and development strategy and the realization of socialist rural modernization. To strengthen the construction of their own positions, first is to strengthen the
construction of their ranks. First, strengthen training and education, improve the ability and quality of rural grass-roots party members, cultivate a “three will two hard one inspection” team, that is, will carry out specific work, will implement the policy spirit, will unite the team collective, strong political awareness, work behavior, inspection of rural affairs and small situation. Local party organizations at higher levels should regularly organize centralized training of party members in rural areas and select outstanding party members and cadres according to their merits, so as to set up models and promote common progress. Second, to strengthen the party cadres clean, pure education, improve their ability to resist corruption, through the signing of the letter initiative, warning education, and so on, to improve the party members to carry out the team clean and self-discipline. Thirdly, selecting outstanding college graduates to train as village officials and attracting young talents to supplement the team can improve organizational vitality. Second, optimize its mechanism setting.

4.2 To Implement the Specific Work Responsibilities of Rural Grassroots Party Branches

The primary party branch in rural areas has the following functions and duties: educating party members, managing party members, supervising party members, organizing the masses, publicizing the masses, rallying the masses and serving the masses. In the concrete implementation, to find out the responsibility main body, party branch secretary, party members and cadres, party members three main body is given priority to, according to the principle of reasonable division of labor, mutual coordination and bear all the work of the rural basic party to party branch secretary, party members and cadres and party members with the three division, clarify the responsibilities of each task, and implementation of the division of Labour was implemented, must be refined to detail, to build standardized work mechanism. We should adhere to the principle of seeking truth from facts, work should be carried out in a down-to-earth manner and in a result-oriented manner.

4.3 Standardize the Living System of Party Branches in Rural Areas

In accordance with the Constitution of the Communist Party of China, the system of inner-party organization and living is strictly implemented, party members are held on time to participate in the democratic consultative Conference and other activities such as theme days for Party members are held regularly, so as to give rural grass-roots party members a sense of belonging and improve the standardization of life of Party organizations. In the specific work, you can formulate and promulgating the “three will be a lesson”, party member management assessment management methods, etc., record the party branch group life attendance, record the relevant party building activities work, etc., each activity into a form list, to ensure the standardization of party building work, standardization. At the same time, combined with the Internet technology, makes the Internet rural grassroots party building, building party class online classes, etc., can also be used to study
power such as App, is advantageous to the work already so, also can improve the party member's appeal.

5. Conclusion

Governance and security, focusing on the grassroots; To administer the Party and run it, the foundation is the most important. In the new era, there is still a long way to go to promote the standardization and standardization of rural community-level Party building. It is closely related to the strength of agriculture, the beauty of rural areas and the wealth of farmers, and determines the quality of rural revitalization and development strategy and socialist modernization of rural development. At the same time, the standardization of rural grass-roots party construction is not a day's work, is a time-consuming “big project.” Therefore, it is necessary for grassroots Party organizations to improve in their work and constantly improve in the process of improvement, so as to summarize their successful cases and typical cases from practice to the theoretical level, supplement their standardization and standardization construction, and then continue to refine them in practice.

References